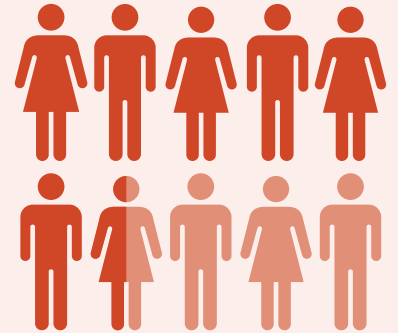
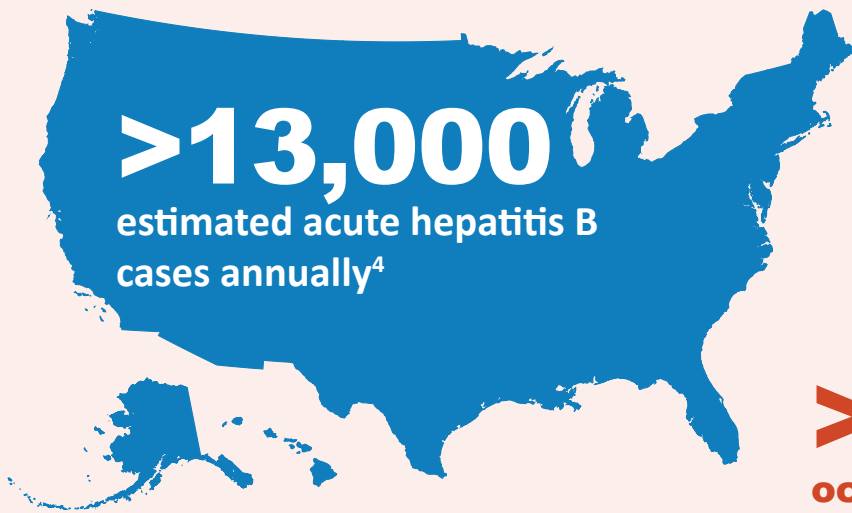


# Eliminating Hepatitis B in the US by 2030

## Hepatitis B Remains a Significant Clinical and Public Health Burden in the US<sup>1-3</sup>



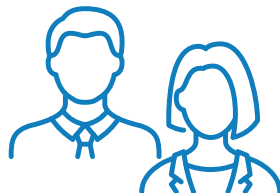
**>65%** of acute infections occur among 30–59 year olds<sup>2</sup>

## Why Hepatitis B Vaccination Matters

To help eliminate hepatitis B, the CDC recommends age-based catch up vaccination in adults who have never completed a series in their lifetime<sup>3,5</sup>

**19–59** year olds

**SHOULD** receive hepatitis B vaccination



**≥60** year olds

With risk factors: **SHOULD** receive vaccination

Without known risk factors: **MAY** receive vaccination



## Stepwise Approach to Implementing an Age-Based Adult Hepatitis B Vaccination Recommendation<sup>3,6-8</sup>

**1**

### Identify Patients

At every visit, look for **eligible patients** based on their age and vaccination history

**2**

### Recommend Vaccination

Inform your patients of the **importance of protection**

**3**

### Vaccinate Patients

Vaccinate eligible patients against hepatitis B and help ensure patients **complete the series** – series completion is critical to help ensure protective immunity

